FASTER FLIGHTS WITH
PHILIPPINE AIR LINES
DC6 SLEEPER PLANES
TO THE FAR EAST AND EUROPE

THE JERUSALEM
POST

MONDAY, JULY 23, 1951

PRICE: 35 PRUTA
VOL. XXVII, No. 7315

ORTHOPAEDY
ARCHSUPPORTS
RUBBER STOCKINGS
HERNIA BELTS
ORTHOPAEDIC BELTS
KURT LABO & SONS
9 Rehov Arlosoroff, Haifa

Column One

By **David Courtney**

THE pillars fall. The cracked superstructure of state is shored up for the time being. It continues to shelter much the same assortment of rulerships and courtiers but their tenure grows less certain with each new assassination. The power-lust of individuals and groups remains stronger than the fear of violent death. There are always some at hand to scour the blood from the royal pavement and strut in the stead of the erased presence. But it is a process that cannot go on much longer. The bemused and harassed people whose labour and lives are the substance of the power for which murder is done in high places, grow restive; and begin to wonder whether murder should not be done in their interests instead of at their expense.

■

THE assassination of King Abdullah will not remain an affair of royal courts and the hirelings of fanaticism. It is very much an affair of the world-powers, who are losing, one by one, the props on which their spheres of influence have rested during the waning era of colonialism. Having built their influence perpendicularly, they are without refuge in the broad social horizontalness of the people. Egypt and Persia have provided recent examples. Jordan, with the socially and politically conscious Arabs of Palestine dominating an expanded but still unnatural entity, may provide another.

■

TO be sure, the occasion of the latest Arab assassination has little enough to do with the urgings of public sentiment in the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan. But the contestants for power will not be slow to seize the common trend of the moment and provoke popular feeling against the "imperialism" of Britain, who, this time, cannot afford any repitition of the humiliations of Persia and Egypt. The State of Jordan was a grotesque imposition upon the geo-political surface of Arabia. It stood as a unit thanks only to its King, who was a person of courage, character and impressive antecedents; and to the substantial economic and military aid of Britain. It is difficult to see how it can hold together today unless the British fill the tragic vacuum with an extension of their military and civil influence and succeed in keeping someone of Samir Pasha Rifai's stature at the head of the government.

■

THE assassination is a grievous blow at the efforts which lately have been made with the object of bringing some kind of stability to the Middle East. It may bring about a meretricious unity in the Arab League, expressed in common mischief, and be hostile to any of the patterns of progressive Arab cooperation schemed for by King Abdullah and taken by Egypt as a threat to its dominance. Against the turbulence and the disintegration, Israel is set as a steadfast and — one may hope and believe — peaceful force. The great powers may at last recognize the significance of what Israel represents in a region of disintegrating traditions and unpredictable likelihoods. There cannot be any doubt that, whilst itself a factor of distrust and envy among most of the Arab ruling cliques, and those who plot to succeed them in power, Israel's presence as a stable and resourceful nation in the Middle East is a hindrance to the type of military adventure that might normally be expected to follow upon such events as the assassination of King Abdullah. Egypt and Syria, and the sponsors of Haj Amin, have more to reckon with than their weakened enemies in Amman.

Tel Aviv, July 23.

LEGION STILL REFUSES TO LET PILGRIMS CROSS

The 72 pilgrims who were refused passage to the Old City on Saturday night were still in Jerusalem yesterday due to the Arab Legion's persistent refusal to let them cross the lines at Mandelbaum Gate, it was learned in Jerusalem last night.

Nations Prepare For Debate On Suez Blockade

FLUSHING MEADOW, Sunday (INA). — The Egyptian Government has sent three documents to its delegation here to back its case before the Security Council when the Suez Canal blockade is discussed, it was learned here today.

According to an Egyptian source, the documents are diplomatic notes addressed by the British Foreign Office to the Egyptian Foreign Ministry each upholding Egypt's right, in the British Government's view, to institute a blockade of the Canal. In 1936, there was an exchange of clarifications of the Suez Convention of 1888, according to the source, and Britain confirmed Egypt's right to control shipping through the Canal.

In 1942, Egypt was planning to ban Axis shipping from using the Canal and Britain noted this with satisfaction. In 1948, when Egypt started her blockade against Israel, a British note informed Cairo that the action would not be disputed by Britain, the source said.

Mr. Aba Eban today discussed the Suez Canal question with Mr. George McGhee, the U.S. Assistant Secretary of State for Near Eastern Affairs. They also discussed other points.

According to a "New York Times" report from London, the British draft resolution calling on Egypt to stop the blockade will be deliberately worded in an effort to minimize offense to Egypt and the other Arab League states. One official said that Britain was interested in results and not in propaganda. Despite Egyptian hints, however, the British Foreign Office seems to feel that it is too late to settle the problem by diplomatic negotiations.

In London, demands for economic sanctions against Egypt were renewed in the House of Commons yesterday. Mr. Churchill asked why Britain should go on paying large wartime debts to Egypt while she maintains an illegal blockade of the Canal.

British Hear Oil Proposals

TEHERAN, Sunday (Reuter). —Mr. Averell Harriman today presented to Sir Francis Shepherd, the British Ambassador here, a series of proposals he has put to the Persian Government. This morning, Mr. Harriman also received the Shah's Court Minister, Hussein Ali.

Mr. Harriman's proposals were presented to the Persian Oil Commission last night. He met the commission again this afternoon to discuss their reaction, after they had conferred last night on the proposals with the Prime Minister, Dr. Mossadeq.

Close secrecy is being maintained on the proposals but it is known that one of them concerns the form of receipts to be given by tankers master in Abadan.

TEHERAN, Sunday (Reuter). — Members of the Persian Oil Commission after meeting President Truman's special Envoy Averell Harriman tonight said "success is assured." If everything goes well at a further meeting Mr. Harriman can go home a satisfied man" they added.

The delegates said they had given Harriman a "satisfactory reply to his series of proposals tabled last night.

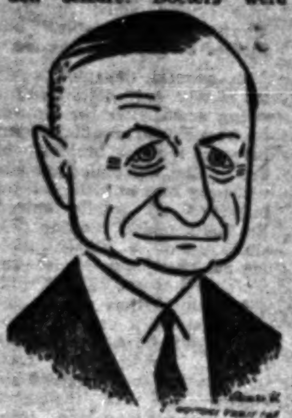
Parliamentary deputies complained today of the secrecy and demanded that the Government should keep Parliament informed on Mr. Harriman's oil talks here. They demanded that the commission should report back to the Majlis. Some sections of the Teheran press supported the demands.

Meanwhile, Persian police today handed back a residence permit to Mr. Richard Seddon, without explanation. The permit was withdrawn on Friday — also without explanation. The officer who returned the permit to Mr. Seddon indicated he was acting on the personal orders of Dr. Mossadeq.

Sudden Death Of Sherman

NAPLES, Sunday (Reuter).—Admiral Forrest Sherman died suddenly here this morning following a heart-attack, in the midst of the world-wide furore touched off by his talks with General Franco last week.

Last night, Admiral Sherman, 54, returned from the cinema with his wife feeling quite normal, but in the morning was stricken with a sudden seizure. Doctors were called in, and he recovered, but a few hours later suffered a second heart-attack resulting in his death.



Defence Department officials in Washington said today that Admiral L.D. McCormick Vice-Chief of Naval Operations would take over the Navy's top command.

The Admiral was on a European tour following his last week's talks with General Franco on the question of using Spanish bases for American troops—talks which led to wide-spread protests, especially from England and France.

Since then he had conferred with General Eisenhower, Western European leaders, American naval commanders, and finally with Admiral Robert Carnes, C-in-C of the Atlantic Pact forces in Southern Europe.

He was due to leave here for Washington today.

Truman Shocked

President Truman, notified by radio aboard his yacht, the Williamsburg, of Admiral Sherman's death, expressed shock and grief and paid tribute to him both as a private person and as a Naval commander.

In Washington, Mr. George Marshall, the Secretary of Defence, described the Admiral's death as "the deep personal loss of a close associate and friend for whom I had respect and admiration, and a serious loss to the nation at this critical time."

Admiral Forrest Percival Sherman was born in Merrimack, New Hampshire in 1896. His grandfather, a retiring whaling captain, encouraged his interest in the sea and taught him knots and seamanship. When he was 13 his father died while they were sailing in a small boat. The boy promptly lowered the flag to half-mast and sailed back to harbour with the dead body.

At Annapolis Naval Academy he proved a brilliant student, too brilliant according to his classmates, and graduated in 1918 in record time. He was attracted to to naval aviation and won distinction in that field, becoming the Navy's chief aviation plans officer in 1940. He served on the Canada-U.S. Joint Defence Board and accompanied President Roosevelt to the Atlantic Conference.

After Pearl Harbour he was given command of a carrier and, after showing heroism when she was torpedoed, was promoted to be Deputy Chief of Staff to Admiral Nimitz, earning a reputation as a planner. He represented his chief at the meeting with the Japanese surrender emissaries in 1945.

Becomes Chief

A stocky man with a rolling sailor's gait, Forrest Sherman was appointed Deputy Chief of Naval Operations and C-in-C of the U.S. Sixth Naval Task Force in the Mediterranean in 1948. During the critical period before the Italian elections he kept the force in the area and sent 80 planes over Italian cities to remind voters of America's interest in the campaign.

In 1949, following the Navy revolt against unification with the other services, Admiral Sherman, known as a pro-unification man, was summoned to Washington to replace Admiral Denfeld as Chief of Naval Operations. In this post he advocated the strengthening of the Navy's anti-sub arm.

In May last, he testified before the Congressional Committee investigating the dismissal of General MacArthur and advocated a U.N. Naval blockade of Communist China.

He is survived by his wife and an only daughter.

(See Sherman Statement, P.3, Col.2)

AFTER MIDNIGHT

The Italian rightist "Liberal Party" announced last night it was not prepared to join Premier De Gasperi's Cabinet.

U.N. Expects Communists To Yield on Agenda

TOKYO, Sunday (Reuter).—The U.N. Command here today appeared resigned to waiting until Wednesday for the Communist decision whether to accept the cease-fire in Korea without withdrawal of foreign troops.

The interlude is being used in checking progress at the Kaesong talks so far and refreshing the briefing of the U.N. delegates. Vice-Admiral Charles Turner Joy came to Tokyo last night.

There is a strong body of opinion here that the Communists would in fact accept an agenda minus the disputed item of troops' withdrawal. The talks otherwise will fail because the U.N. attitude, as already expressed, leaves no chance of compromise.

Allied warships were reported to be shelling Communist troops and supply lines in support of U.N. ground troops along the east coast of Korea.

Patrols Only

Fifteen U.S. Marines Panther jets met 18 Russian-type MIG's over the northeast Korean coast yesterday but claimed no damage to the Communist planes. Three Allied fighter-bombers were lost during last week to Communist ground fire—the only recorded casualties out of a reported 3,200 sorties.

The 8th army today reported patrol activity only. A frontline report said a U.N. squad in a wooded valley east of Kumhwa stalked a Chinese patrol in a deadly hide-and-seek through a heavy deluge of rain. They caught the Chinese when they appeared through the mist a few metres away, and, in seconds, all the Communists were dead, except one who surrendered.

Prime Minister Tours Bat Yam

BAT YAM, Sunday (ITIM).—Prime Minister Ben Gurion this afternoon visited Bat Yam and toured new immigrant centres nearby. He was received at the entrance to the Local Council area by the chairman and council members, and was greeted all along the route by large crowds who cheered him as he passed.

The Council Chairman, Mr. David Ben Ari, said that Bat Yam had developed as a result of the Ingathering of the Exiles. From 1,800 persons at the end of the Mandate the township had increased to its present 10,000, and hoped to double that number by next year.

Addressing a crowd of 5,000 at the seashore ma'bara Mr. Ben Gurion said that Jews had in the past been far removed from the sea. "But we were also once far from farming, and we had to establish our Army overnight," he said.

Arab Legion Turns Jerusalem Old City Into Armed Camp

HUNDREDS ARRESTED

As preparations were being made in Amman for King Abdullah's ceremonial funeral today, tension was reported to be unabated throughout Jordan. Agency messages from Amman referred to growing feeling against the British and the Palestinian Arabs, while reports brought through Mandelbaum Gate indicated that the Old City of Jerusalem was still an armed camp.

Heavily-armed police and Arab Legion patrols marched through the narrow lanes of the Old City yesterday, while other Legionnaires were erecting small fortified positions at strategic points, many of them not far from the Israel border. It is understood that the U.N. Truce Supervision Organization was informed that the outposts faced toward Jordan, and that neither these nor the excess troops in the Old City — beyond the limits of the Armistice agreement — were aimed against Israel.

Mandelbaum Gate was again opened to foreign diplomats yesterday, some of whom later returned to Israel while others proceeded to Amman for the State Funeral beginning at 8 o'clock this morning. Reports trickling through the Gate claimed that the Old City's 40,000 inhabitants were living in constant fear since the indiscriminate shootings by the Arab League on Friday, reported to have caused between 30 and 50 fatalities.

Streets Empty

With the road to Amman still closed, and police combing the city for "extremists," rumour had it that several hundred people had been arrested, and that a trainful of detainees had been taken to Ma'an, half-way between Amman and Akaba.

The square outside Damascus Gate was completely deserted yesterday, and it was reported that only a few foodshops had opened their doors. Not only has the night curfew been observed most rigorously, but people were said to be avoiding the streets even during the day, and shopkeepers have refused to open although they were urged by the police to do so.

There was no confirmation, however, of a report that Mgr. Alebrto Gori, the Latin Patriarch of the Holy Land, met the Governor of the Old City to discuss the position of Christians during the present tension.

Ex-Mufti Warns Against Reprisal

CAIRO, Sunday. — Haj Amin el Husseini, the ex-Mufti of Jerusalem and head of the Arab Higher Committee, yesterday vehemently denied any knowledge of the assassin who shot King Abdullah. He was at pains to allege that his differences with the murdered monarch had been political and never personal.

At the same time, he denounced "any ambiguous interpretation" of King Abdullah's assassination, and issued a warning to "Arab and world opinion" against what he called "any reprisals which may follow."

The Mufti said the Jordan and British authorities would be responsible for "any act of violence which may befall Palestinians — their families and cities."

In a statement issued here last night, the Mufti again disclaimed any relation with Mustafa Shukry, the alleged assassin. He said: "Even though he may have belonged to the dynamite squad of the army of the Palestine Arab Higher Committee, as had been alleged, this proved nothing—unless we can lay the responsibility upon the Jordan Arab Legion for the murder of Riad e-Solh Bey because his alleged assassin, Mohammed Abdul Latif Salam, belonged to that Legion.

Denies Relations

"The Arab Higher Committee denies the British and Zionist allegations that the assassin was employed by Haj Amin el Husseini, Mufti of Jerusalem.

"Both allegations are baseless because the Jordan official communique said the regicide was 21 years old; he must have been only six or seven years old when the Mufti was expelled from his home by the British 14 years ago. Whatever this man was, he had no relations at all with the Palestine Arab Higher Committee or its President," the statement said.

The Mufti's statement concluded: "The Palestine Arab Higher Committee denounces propaganda claiming there were family and personal differences between Haj Amin el Husseini and King Abdullah. This is an attempt by Imperialists to fool world public opinion for their nefarious policy."

Lord Samuel Leaves

LYDDA AIRPORT, Sunday. — Lord Samuel left here by El Al for London tonight, after having cancelled his flight about an hour before take-off time and then re-booked.

Lord Samuel arrived last week for discussions with officials of the Palestine Electric Corporation, of which he is a director. Before leaving he declined to disclose details of his talks here, and refused to discuss developments in Jordan.

He called on President Weizmann at Rehovot today.

Israel Watches For Sinister Moves

By Our Diplomatic Correspondent

HAKIRYA, Sunday. — There is some reluctance here to comment on the possible consequences of the assassination of King Abdullah from the direct Israel point of view. It is felt that the possibilities are so many that some little time must elapse before any reliable judgment of potentialities can be essayed.

At the same time, it is pointed out that any reappearance of the ex-Mufti of Jerusalem either in Jordan proper or in the Jordan-held area of Arab Palestine, would be regarded by the Government as a very grave matter indeed.

A very careful watch is being kept of the situation which, it is realized, offers temptation to various ambitious elements in the Arab world, of which the ex-Mufti, though the most unscrupulous and sinister, is not necessarily the strongest.

Mufti's Complicity

It is felt that there is no doubt about the complicity of the ex-Mufti in the assassination. It is believed on good evidence that he was behind the recent Syrian moves into Israel territory; and it is also pointed out that his presence in Karachi during the pan-Islamic conference was a prelude to the murder of Colonel Razmara, the Prime Minister of Iran.

It is thought that his purpose is to provoke, as a political weapon, the fanatical elements throughout the Arab world.

Glubb Pasha Tribute

LONDON, Sunday (Reuter). —Glubb Pasha, British Commander of the Arab Legion, paid tribute to King Abdullah as "a very brave, kindly, wise and honourable ruler and a very great gentleman," in a special cable published today in the mass circulation "News of the World."

"Perhaps his most outstanding characteristic was his political moral courage. He never hesitated to speak out what he thought was true and right, with absolute disregard for his personal safety or popularity. His constancy to his pledged word and his faithfulness to his friends were no less than his courage," Glubb Pasha said. In 1940, he was the only ruler in the world who openly proclaimed that he and his little country would stand or fall with Britain, come what may, Glubb Pasha added.

Syria Wants Talal As Jordan's King

DAMASCUS, Sunday (Reuter). — Syrian political circles today were most anxious that Prince Talal, the King's eldest son, should succeed his father to the throne of Jordan because of his known policies, which differed from King Abdullah's, these circles said.

King Abdullah's enthusiasm for the Greater Syria plan and his friendship for Britain are believed in Syria to serve only his personal interests and not those of the Arab world. The Greater Syria plan is generally believed to be dead, although Syrians prefer to await foreign reaction before burying it.

It is believed here that Arab solidarity against Israel will now increase, since King Abdullah's policy of peace with Israel was considered a great deterrent to that solidarity.

Jerusalem Programme Defines Aim and Tasks of Zionism

The final wording of the Jerusalem Programme of the Zionist Movement which is to replace the Basle Programme has not yet been completed, but there is already agreement in principle on its basic tenets, Mr. E. Dobkin, member of the Jewish Agency Executive told *The Post* in Jerusalem yesterday.

The programme will be made up of two sections; the first, a single sentence declaring Zionism's aim and the second, setting up the tasks of the movement in 14 points. The programme will be submitted for approval to the 23rd World Zionist Congress.

The first section will include three principles:

1) Continuity and Unity of the Jewish People.
2) The Ingathering of the Exiles in Israel, and
3) Fortification of the State of Israel.

The 14 points of the second part of the Programme on the tasks of the Zionist Movement will deal with:

1) The encouragement of immigration, its organisation and realization.
2) Youth Aliyah and education in Israel of immigrant children.
3) Agricultural settlement.
4) Acquisition of land as national property.
5) Absorption of immigrants in cooperation with the Government.
6) Encouragement of investments and tourism in cooperation with the Government.
7) Participation in the development of the country.
8) Organisation and education of Jewish youth abroad.
9) Pioneer and professional training.

Zionist Fulfillment

10) Speeding the fulfillment of the Zionist idea and strengthening of the Zionist Organization.
11) National Hebrew education: spreading of the Hebrew language and development of cultural institutions.
12) Mobilisation of funds.
13) Organisation of propaganda, and political aid for Israel in cooperation and coordination with the State.
14) Organisation of the life in the Diaspora on democratic bases, encouragement of the defence of its rights, and participation in social and welfare projects.

Funeral Today

AMMAN, Sunday— Emir Na'if, new Regent of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, today urged his people to obey Government orders and keep their courage.

In his first public statement since his accession he issued a proclamation here saying: "I am fully confident that each one of you will help me to pass safely through the present calamity. Do not let sadness overpower your steadfastness and patience."

Meanwhile high-ranking delegations including Ministers of State were arriving here from Arab capitals in order to attend the State Funeral tomorrow. Those who will attend the ceremony will include a personal representative of King Farouk as well as a delegation from the Egyptian Parliament, a Syrian delegation headed by the Defence Minister, Sir Alan Kirkbride, the British Minister to Amman who returned from London today, a Turkish general as well as representatives of the Argentine and Afghanistan.

Emir Na'if

Among the hundreds of telegrams received was one from Sir Alan Cunningham last British High Commissioner for Palestine. President Truman today sent another telegram to the Emir Na'if following the original telegram he had sent to Emir Talal, which had caused raised eyebrows in Jordan.

Emir Zayid

The funeral, to begin tomorrow morning, will consist of a two-hour procession, during which a cannon shot will be fired every minute. A full salute of 21 cannons will be discharged as the body is lowered into the grave.

The chief mourners will be four Hashemite princes: the Emir Na'if, the King's son and new regent; Emir Hussein, 11-year-old of the King's eldest son, Emir Talal; Emir Zayid, Abdullah's only living brother; and the Regent of Iraq, Emir Abdul Illah, a nephew of the King, all of whom are now in Amman. They will be followed by the Commanders of the Legion led by Glubb Pasha.

Abdul Illah

COURT VOIDS MIGDAL ELECTION

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — The Migdal Ascalon election was declared null and void by the District Court here today because the ballots had not been secret.

Three residents of the coastal city, who appealed against the election, won their case on the grounds that the envelopes in which the voting slips were placed were transparent.

The Court would not consider the other complaints which included the allegation that economic pressure had been exercised against voters. These should be studied by a civil committee, the ruling said.

The matter of the envelopes was sufficient ground for cancelling the elections.

The attorney for the appelants, Mr. I. Landau, decried the fact that the respondents (the Elections Committee) were represented by the Attorney-General's office.

GOOD YEAR
New NEOLITE Soles
- Twice the wear of leather
- Water-proof & comfortable
- Reparable as leather soles

Used on
THE American SHOE
Now available in sufficient quantities in the following stores:
Bata
throughout Israel
COMFORT - Jerusalem
FREIMANN & BEIN
Jerusalem
GABBIELY - Haifa
HAMASHBIR HAMERKAZI
throughout Israel
PIL - Tel-Aviv
The best buy for your new points

THEY ARE RIGHT—THERE IS AN ALTERNATIVE
Instead of Work for All, the Dole for Many
THINK BEFORE YOU VOTE! VOTE MAPAI

KDH
KING DAVID HOTEL
is the place to dine

Social & Personal

President Weizmann received Mr. Moshe Sharett, the Foreign Minister, for an extended interview yesterday.

President Weizmann has sent a cable of felicitations to Mr. B. Bierut, the Polish President, on the occasion of the Polish National Festival. Mr. Moshe Sharett, the Foreign Minister, cabled greetings to Mr. Stanislaw Skrzeszewski, the Polish Foreign Minister. The Polish Consul-General in Jerusalem and Mme. Gorka were At Home to a large and representative gathering who came to offer congratulations and to take leave of Prof. and Mme. Gorka who are leaving next month after having served here for the past four years.

Mr. Zalman Shazar, member of the Knesset, was received by the President in Rehovot on Friday.

The President and Mrs. Weizmann entertained Mr. Rudolph Sonneborn, Miss Dorothy Schiff, Miss Jinx Falkenberg and Mr. Tex Macreary to lunch at Rehovot yesterday.

A te deum in honour of the accession to the throne of Belgium of the new King Baudouin was offered at the St. Antoine Church, Jaffa, by the Belgian Legation yesterday. Among those present were Sgan-Aluf D. Arnon, the President's aide de camp, representing President Weizmann; Dr. M. Simon, Chief of Protocol, representing the Foreign Minister; and Mr. G. Avner, Director of the West European Division of the Foreign Ministry, representing the Foreign Ministry.

Messrs. Fred Monosson, Abraham Redelheim, Louis Falk, and M. Pory, of the Z.O.A. Special Projects Commission, visited the Jewish Agency Executive in Jerusalem and met with Mr. Moshe Kol, of the Executive, and Mr. Shlomo Eisenberg, Secretary to the Executive. In the evening they attended a reception given by Mr. and Mrs. Kol for visiting Hadassah leaders and other American delegates.

A farewell reception for Dr. W.A. Joslyn, Professor of Food Technology at the University of California, who has spent six months in Israel on the invitation of the Government as adviser to the Ministry of Agriculture in matters of food production and for Mrs. Joslyn, was held by the Minister of Agriculture last week at the Touring Club, Talbieh, Jerusalem.

Jinx Falkenberg and Tex Macreary, U.S. television stars, left for Spain by P.A.L. yesterday, after a four-day visit to Israel.

Mr. Jack Kroll and Mr. Henry Zon, members of the C.I.O. Political Action Committee, are due to leave by air today after a short visit to Israel.

Prof. and Mrs. Hiram Peri yesterday gave a reception at the Israel Touring Club for Mr. Naim Aslan, of the Royal Institute of British Architects, who is in Israel in connection with the competition for the design of the Herzl Memorial.

A Physics Hall in the name of the late Avraham Ulitzur, Treasurer of the Keren Hayesod, was dedicated at the Gymnasia Haivrit in Jerusalem yesterday on the third anniversary of his death.

Mr. Max Weiner, Director of the Jewish National Fund in Great Britain and Ireland, has arrived in Israel to participate in the forthcoming World Conference of the J.N.F.

Mrs. E.N. Mohl, President of the Israel Association of University Women, has left for Holland by air to attend the Council Meeting of the International Federation of University Women to be held there at the end of the month.

Mr. M. Ben Perets has been appointed Second Secretary of the Israel Legation in Paris.

Mr. Dov Guriel, Secretary-General of "Machzavei Israel," the Government mining company, left by El Al for Rome last night.

Mrs. Mary Sigal, a member of the South African delegation to the Wizo World Conference, has arrived in Israel.

A memorial meeting for Yugoslav Jews who fell during the world war was held in Nahariya yesterday.

Mr. Zeev Kis has been nominated city traffic manager for T.W.A. in Tel Aviv, replacing Mr. E. Frankfort, who was appointed general manager of the company in Israel several months ago.

Prof. A. Lejwa, of Long Island University, New York, will lecture on "Animal Protein Factor and Vitamin B12" at the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School at 7.45 this evening.

A symposium of Tel Aviv advocates will be held under the auspices of the Progressive Party at the Park Hotel, Rehov Hayarkon, Tel Aviv, at 8 p.m. today. Mr. P. Rosen, the Minister of Justice, Mr. Izhar Harari and Prof. B. Akzin will speak.

The 80 American, British and Swedish students who are participating in the Summer Institute of the Hebrew University and the Youth Department of the Jewish Agency, will be entertained this evening by the Hadassah Club for Overseas Visitors at the Alice Seligsberg School in Jerusalem.

Vilem Abeles, leather chemist, of 9 Rehov Tchernikovsky, Tel Aviv, has been appointed by the University of Cincinnati in the U.S. as active member of the American Leather Chemist Association.

(Advt.)

The Israel National
OPERA
[illegible]
Thursday, July 26, 8.30 p.m.
[illegible]
Thursday, August 2, 9 p.m.
Samson & Delilah
Opera in 3 acts (4 scenes) [illegible]
[illegible]

Meetings with Abdullah

By M. A. Novomeysky

Twenty years have passed since I first met the then Emir Abdullah.

The Dead Sea Concession, which was granted by the British Government to the writer in association with a British colleague, Major T. C. Tulloch, was made on behalf of the Governments of Palestine and Trans-Jordan as the Dead Sea was the joint property of both Governments.

On several occasions, the late King visited the potash works at the northern end of the Sea, and once he travelled in the Company's boat to the installations at the southern end, and spent the night there. He showed great interest in mechanical aspects of the work, and was particularly fascinated by such operations as the cutting and welding of iron sheets. These he asked to see several times.

The affairs of the Company necessitated frequent consultations with the Government of Trans-Jordan. Each time I visited Amman I called on the King, to discuss such difficult problems as land and water rights. In the course of frequent contact, I came to feel that I had gained the King's full confidence. He spoke freely and openly.

I particularly recall one occasion on which I called at the Palace at Amman to offer my congratulations on the marriage of his second son, the Emir Naif. He spoke with great wisdom about future development of the Middle East, Arab-Jewish relations and the necessity for close cooperation between the two peoples.

Tradition of Friendship

"I inherited a tradition of friendship for the Jews from my late father. 'We are all of the same stock,' he used to say. Jews built my palace at Amman, and Jews introduced tractors on my agricultural lands."

I last met Abdullah in August 1949, during his visit to London, at which time I pleaded for the early resumption of work at the southern extremity of the Dead Sea, and stressed the benefit this would bring to Jordan as well as to Israel. I remonstrated that Palestine Potash was an independent British company which certainly was not at war with Jordan, and that Jordan had a 50 per cent share in the concessions.

He replied that he fully appreciated the importance of my proposal, and, indeed, of the attainment of peace between Israel and Jordan, but feared that the prevailing circumstances would not permit its immediate realization. Opposition was rampant not only throughout the Arab world, but in Jordan as well. He enumerated the Arab leaders who had recently been killed: The Prime Minister of Egypt, the short-lived dictator of Syria, etc. It was known that shortly before his departure for London he had narrowly escaped the explosion of a land mine which had been placed on the road on which he regularly travelled from Amman.

Akaba and Dead Sea

Speaking of the benefits which would ensue from ultimate peace between Israel and Jordan, he said, "You love your people and your country; I love my people and my country. Based on such sincere attitudes, economic cooperation between the two countries is possible and essential. Imagine the great projects the two countries could undertake jointly," he said, mentioning, as an example, the construction of a joint port at Akaba. He firmly believed in the great potentialities of Dead Sea development.

Sir Herbert Samuel, now Lord Samuel, took pleasure in telling of Abdullah's response when informed that Palestine Potash had transmitted a first royalty of £30 to the High Commissioner. "There is an old Arab proverb," Abdullah had said, "Every shower starts with a single drop."

The death of Abdullah means not only the possible delay of final peace between Israel and Jordan, but the loss of a figure vital for the peace of the Middle East.

British Comment Links Jordan Crisis to Persia and Egypt

By George Lichtheim
POST correspondent

LONDON, Sunday.— King Abdullah's assassination was the chief subject of editorial comment here yesterday although the "Manchester Guardian" devotes its principal editorial to Spain and refers briefly to the murder as one of a long chain —Bernadotte, Moyne, Nokrashi, Razmara and Riad e-Solh —"men of fine quality and of weight in the world, struck down by the forces of darkness and hatred."

Most other comments are less philosophical and dwell more on the expected political consequences, with the fact that the murder was organized by the Husseini faction being given great prominence.

There is a disposition to link this shocking blow to Britain's position in the Middle East— as such it is described by all commentators — with recent events in Persia and Egypt. In this connection the truculent tone of the Egyptian note on the Empire Roach incident and Egypt's refusal to attend the African defence conference at Nairobi are noted with care, as is Egypt's evident desire to maintain its blockade of the Suez Canal except for a few technical changes.

It is now understood that the four British destroyers recently despatched to the Akaba gulf have received orders to protect merchant shipping against Egyptian encroachments of the kind involving the Empire Roach.

The Persian situation is to be the subject of a statement tomorrow, and it is generally believed that Abdullah's murder will reinforce the tendency to adopt a stiffer attitude.

General Spears' obituary of Abdullah in today's "Telegraph," which concludes with the usual hint that Britain is paying the price of not supporting the Arabs more fully, clearly constitutes a kind of rearguard action.

Norway Students Here on Visit

LYDDA AIRPORT, Sunday (ITIM). — Following the visit here some months ago of the Norwegian labour leader, Mr. Martin Tranmael, four young Norwegian students arrived here today, to spend some months in Israel studying labour problems in settlements and immigrant centres. The four, Miss Ingrid Hall, Miss Nina Slasen, Mr. Sevine Opstel and Mr. Stum Hansun, all hitchhiked from Oslo to France.

ON THE AIR

JERUSALEM: 467 M.; HAIFA: 349 M.; TEL AVIV: 42.9, 33.3 & 522 M.

NEWS: Hebrew: 7 a.m., 1.30 p.m., 6, 8.30 and 10.30 p.m.; English: 2 and 10.15 p.m.; Arabic Programme (including News): 6 a.m., 2.15 and 7.15 p.m.; French: 5 p.m.

6.30 a.m. Service, 6.35 Exercises, 6.45 Musical Clock (R), 7.15 Melodies, 7.45 Oriental Music (R). 8.00 Close Down.

10.00 a.m. Morning Concert (R). 10.30 Music of the People (R). 11.00 Concert Hall: "Pacific 231" (Honegger); Ballad for Piano & Orchestra (Fauré); Symphony No. 2 (d'Indy). 12.00 M. "[illegible] & Recreation": Programme for Holiday Camp Children. 12.30 Interlude. 12.35 Programme for Hospitals. 1.00 [illegible] Programme. 1.45 Housewives' Corner. 2.15 Close Down.

4.00 p.m. Programme for Yemenites. 4.30 Oriental Music: [illegible]. 4.45 Mozart's Divertimento No. 17 (R). 5.40 Variety (R). 5.55 Child's Corner. 6.15 Interlude. 6.30 Agricultural Corner. 6.45 "[illegible] of the Week": Talk by D. Sher. 6.50 Children's Hour. 7.00 "From Worker to Worker": Talk. 7.45 Bible Reading. 8.00 At Herzl's Tomb. 8.05 Recital: Eli Goren & [illegible]: Sonatina (Dvorak). 8.50 Parties Representatives to Voters. 9.35 Songs of the Ingathering of the Exiles (R). 10.30 Parties Representatives to Voters. 10.50 Recital: Moshe Lustig, Sascha Fersin & Rina Klein: Work by Beethoven. 11.15 Close Down.

[illegible] Radio (52.9 M.): 7.00 p.m. [illegible]; 7.30 p.m. Ladino; 7.45 p.m. French.

Kol Zion Lagola (32.3 M.): 12.15 a.m. Newsreel. 12.30 A Programme from the Herzl Room in Keren Kayemeth Building.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (19.91 and 24.92 M.): 7.30 News. 7.40 News Talk. 7.45 Questions & Answers.

ARMY PROGRAMMES (230, 225 & 44.6 M.): 6.30 p.m. Programme. Announcements. 6.35 Classical Request Programme. 7.30 Today's Events. 7.35 Readings. 8.30 News. 8.40 Interlude. 8.45 Folk Dances. 9.15 Dance Music. 10.00 Close Down.

HAIFA CHAMBER MUSIC SOCIETY

The annual General Meeting of the Haifa Chamber Music Society was held on Sunday, July 15, 1951 at Beth Harofe. Dr. H. Gruenwald, Chairman of the Committee reported on the activities of the Society during the past season. The public response was very satisfactory and the Committee are confidently looking forward to the 1951/52 season. Following a general discussion, Dr. H. Gruenwald, Dr. H. Loeb and Mr. O. Schmuckler were elected as members of the Executive Committee. It was also decided to elect a Council, the members include: Dr. E. Alexander-Katz, Mr. B. Behrens, Mr. B. Hattis, Mrs. H. Kohn, Judge Dr. M. Landau, Mr. W. Lasch, Mrs. H. Lippmann, Mrs. W. Loeb, Dr. C. Weitach.

(Advt.)

NIGHTLY PROGRAMME
Songs by LILO ALEXANDER
with
DR. LEO VOLZ at the piano
LEO'S ATOM BAR
AIR CONDITIONED
171 Rehov Ben Jehuda, Tel Aviv

FERDINAND
Copyright P.I.B. Box 6 Copenhagen

YESTERDAY'S PRESS:

Significance Of Killing Probed

Editorial comment in the press yesterday was focused on the murder in the Old City and its political consequences.

"Abdullah's death met with consternation among the population of Israel because murder must be condemned, even if committed in the enemy's camp. Abdullah, who represented the feudal, dynastic-military type of leader and did not accept Western Civilization uncritically, was nonetheless perhaps the most impressive of Arab politicians," "Ha'aretz" wrote. "Al Hamishmar" (Mapam) and "Kol Ha'am" (Communist) concluded, that Abdullah, a stooge of the British, could have been killed by no one but U.S. agents. ("Al Hamishmar" titled its leading article "Death of a Salesman").

"We condemn individual terror," the Mapam organ wrote, "but we cannot agree, that de mortuis nil nisi bene..." Both papers attacked the former Mufti of Jerusalem, who, in their opinion had become an American agent.

Fallen Pillar

"The opportune moment should not be missed!" "Herut" wrote without making any clear proposals as to what should be done. The paper believed that the main pillar of British power in the Middle East has fallen with the murder, and that the British commanders of the Arab Legion would be in a very difficult position, to say the least. There existed, therefore, a very real chance to assure what "Herut" called "the integrity of the homeland;" the precondition for such action would be the establishment of a new "Hebrew" government, it wrote.

"Davar" (Histadrut), "Hamodia" (Aguda) and "Hakol" (Poale Aguda), emphasized the possible military consequences of the murder. "Davar" thought that greater military preparedness and vigilance on the part of Israel had become imperative. "Hamodia" went even further, stating that Israel would not be able to afford to play the whole role of a passive onlooker should one or more of the neighbouring countries decide to invade Trans-Jordan.

"Davar" stated that "serious efforts had been made a year and a quarter ago to come to agreement with King Abdullah, but that the re-emergence of extremist forces at that time had prevented any decisive action."

"Ma'ariv," in a special article reviewed the four agreements Abdullah had made with the Jews since 1928.

"Haboker" (General Zionist), said in its leading article that the assassination of King Abdullah should become a turning point in the relations between the Western Powers and the Arab East. The West must have realized by now that it must find more secure foundations for thier attempts to preserve stability in the Middle East, it wrote.

Where to Go

JERUSALEM

8-6: Jerusalem Biblical Zoo; Romema.

8-1; 3-6 Exhibition of New Acquisitions: Line Engravings by Cecile Reims; Exhibit of the Month: Bohemian Glass (17th Cent.); Bezalel Museum.

10-1; 4-7: Works by Zeev Tishby, Avram Wolf & Willy Gordon; Artists' House.

11-1: Students' Works; New Bezalel School of Arts & Crafts.

11.30-12.30: Film Shows of Israel; Keren Hayesod Head Office.

TEL AVIV

9-1; 4-8: Chagall Exhibition; Tel Aviv Museum.

8.30 p.m.: Tibanyi and his wonder revue; Jascha Heifetz Hall.

8.30 p.m.: "Hotel du Commerce:" Chambre Theatre: Mograbi Hall.

HAIFA

8 a.m.-4.30 p.m.: Theological and Scientific Library — Central Synagogue Bldg., Rehov Girud.

10-1; 4-8: Municipal Museum, 2 Hassan Shukri Street.

FOR SALE
PLOT OF 2½ DUNAMS IN most beautiful part of Herzlia. Please 'phone 5023, Tel Aviv, or write: No. 24044, P.O.B. 1125, TEL AVIV.

THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA
RECITALS
ISAAC STERN
HAIFA, Armon, Wed. July 25, at 9 p.m.
JERUSALEM, Edison, Tuesday, July 31, at 9 p.m.
TEL AVIV, Ohel Shem, Saturday July 28, at 8.45 p.m.
PROGRAMME:
Ciaccona — VITALI; Sonata op. 30 No. 2 — BEETHOVEN; SONATA op. 94 — PROKOFIEFF; La Fontaine d'Arethuse — SZYMANOWSKY; Tzigane — RAVEL
LAST RECITAL
NEW PROGRAMME
TEL AVIV, Ohel Shem, Mon. August 13, at 8.45 p.m.
SALE OF TICKETS:
Tel Aviv: at the I.P.O. Office 36 Allenby Rd. (11-3, 4-8).
Haifa: At Glimberg's.
Jerusalem: At Cahana's.

AT THE CINEMA

WALT Disney's "Cinderella" (Edison, Jerusalem) will be a treat for anyone, young or old, with a penchant for fantasy or fun. Not only is the film almost 100 per cent Disney cartoon; it also has Disney's mousie standbys as the partisans of lovely Cinderella. The dog is on her side too, while the cat connives with the ill-tempered stepmother and her mug-faced daughters to keep Cinderella behind the stairs. A spell is cast when Cinderella's face is reflected in a sea of soap bubbles; the use of a glass slipper provides a rush of real poetry; Prince Charming's waltz with the heroine is a whirl of romance. The fantasy is preceded on the bill by Disney's four-reel "Beaver Valley," which gives breath-taking glimpses of nature in the raw. Nature here, under Disney's lenses, takes on some of the charm and whimsy, even the form, of Disney's cartoon creations. And why shouldn't it?

House Put in Order

"THE Skipper Surprised His Wife" (Eden) is a low-brow comedy about Captain Robert Walker, back from somewhere-in-the-Pacific after a post-war naval course, and his wife, Joan Leslie, who breaks an ankle and needs help to care for the two children. Walker steps in and puts the house in ship-shape naval regulation order, aided by neighbour Edward Arnold, an Admiral, and his wife, Spring Byington.

FRANGO

That Wonderful Urge

"THAT wonderful Urge" (Orah) is pure farce, an absurd plot and plenty of laughs with hardly a serious moment.

Sara Farley, the heiress to grocery millions (Gene Tierney), has been the victim of newspaper articles purporting to be her true story and written by a certain Tylor (this is Tyrone Power) who has never even met her.

Incognito, he makes her acquaintance at Sun Valley and, falling in love at first sight, endeavours to make amends by writing a more laudatory article.

The truth of his real identity, however, comes out. Enraged, the lady seeks revenge in informing the press of their supposed marriage, thereby turning him into an object of public ridicule. Much horseplay follows, but all ends happily, as is to be expected.

The House by the River

FRITZ Lang has directed "House by the River" (Armon, Haifa) from an A. P. Herbert novel. A novelist, played by Louis Hayward in the James Mason manner, strangles the maid and inveigles his lame brother (Lee Bowman) into helping him dispose of the body. The body is found and the coroner's inquest ensues.

But a crime, so far successful for the novelist, has made him overweening in his self-confidence. He transfers public suspicion, though not that of the police, to his brother. However, jealous of the latter's friendship with his own wife (stiffly acted by Jane Wyatt) he is impelled into further attempts at murder.

In general the plot moves too slowly, only getting into a swing when, after the inquest, an element of conflict enters between the one brother who knows that the police are still watching him and the second, unnerved by public hatred. Yet Lang misses the fine possibilities of a finale, meting out true poetic-justice—the murderer, overcome by a sudden hallucination caught and strangled by a curtain flying in the wind; it was far too abrupt. To the true Lang manner one must credit the casting of the monstrous housekeeper and the technique of some shots where persons are seen at the end of a long passage or placed in artistic relation to each other.

H.

Jerusalem Cinemas

At 3.30, 7 & 9 p.m.

ARMON: The Loves of Carmen.

EDEN: The Skipper Surprised His Wife.

EDISON: Cinderella.

ORION: Blood on the Moon.

SEMADAR: Yihyeh al Houb (7 & 9 p.m.).

STUDIO: The Black Swan.

ZION: Copper Canyon.

Haifa Cinemas

CARMEL (opp. Egged): London Town (7.45 & 9.30 p.m.).

GAN YAM (Bat Galim): Unconquered (9.30 p.m.).

DETROIT CELEBRATES 250TH ANNIVERSARY

NEW YORK, Sunday (Reuter). — Detroit, capital of America's vast car industry, next week reaches the climax of its year-long 250th anniversary celebrations.

Founded in 1701 by a Frenchman, Antoine de la Mothe Cadillac, and a band of 100 fellow-countrymen, the "Motor City" is now the fifth biggest metropolis in the U.S. with a population of about 1,838,000.

FOR SALE
AT BARGAIN PRICE
(owner leaving Haifa)
Combined drawing and bedroom furniture:
fauteuils, writing desk, wardrobe, bar, tea trolley and odd pieces of furniture.
On view: 46 Rehov Arlosoroff, basement, HAIFA.

FURNITURE POLISHER
EXPERT WORKMANSHIP
UNDERTAKES WORK IN PRIVATE HOUSES.
APFELBAUM, Hapelberg Pension, Prophets St., Tel. 2241, JERUSALEM.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER
with wide experience in planning, installation of light and power and all sorts of electric motors, knowledge of German, French, English, Yiddish and some Hebrew, wants to change position in Jerusalem. Please write to: No. 14173, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

TO LET FLATS
4 roomed flat, 3rd floor, Rehov Hashmona'im; 3½ rooms, near Ahad Haam and Halevanon; 2 rooms, 2nd floor, near Rehov Gordon; 1 room, 3rd floor, near Rehov Shlomo Hameleh. There are also a few flats with shared conveniences.
FOR SALE:
Comfortable flat-house on pillars), Rehov Sokolov, Kiosk in centre town, income sufficient for two families, price IL.12,000.
GELMAN AGENCY
8 Rehov Evi-Bruck, near Municipality staircase), Tel Aviv. Tel. 66176 (10-11 a.m.).

WANTED
1) English Shorthand-typist.
Knowledge of Hebrew Typing essential.
2) English-Hebrew Typist.
Apply to
SOCONY VACUUM OIL CO. INC.
3 St. Luke's St., HAIFA.

FOREIGN INDUSTRIALISTS SEEK FOR TEL AVIV
1) SECRETARY
Excellent English shorthand-typist.
Hebrew speaking. Good Salary.
2) ENGLISH STENO-TYPIST
3) HEBREW STENO-TYPIST
4) MESSENGER
Please send full particulars to:
No. 23751, POB 1125, Tel Aviv

יומן הבחירות
לכנסת השניה

DIARY FOR ELECTIONS TO SECOND KNESSET

Meetings of Booth Committees

A meeting of the chairmen of the Booths Committees, their representatives and committee members of the Jerusalem Corridor settlements and neighbouring farms will be held tonight, Monday, July 23, 1951, at 6 at the Tel Or Cinema, Jerusalem.

A meeting of the chairmen of the Booths Committees, their representatives and committee members of the Jerusalem urban booths committees will be held tonight, Monday, July 23, 1951, at 7 at the Tel Or Cinema, Jerusalem.

A meeting of the chairmen of the Booths Committees in the Haifa Bay will be held tonight, Monday, July 23, 1951, at 7 at the Labour Office, Kiryat Haim.

A meeting of the chairmen of the Booths Committees in Eastern Haifa (Hof Hacarmel District) will be held tomorrow, Tuesday, July 24, 1951, at 7 p.m. at the Government House, Haifa.

A meeting of the chairmen of the Booths Committees of Haifa Town and Quarters, will be held tomorrow, Tuesday, July 24, 1951, at 7 p.m. at the Bet Hahalutzot, 3 Rehov Yalag, Haifa.

A meeting of the chairmen and their representatives of the Booths Committees of District No.6 (Rishon Lezion) will be held on Wednesday, July 25, 1951, at 7 p.m. at the Library, Rishon Lezion.

Central Elections Committee for the Second Knesset

STATE OF ISRAEL

NOTICES TO THE PUBLIC

Vacancies in the Social Service School, Tel Aviv

The Ministry of Welfare announces that there are still a number of vacancies in the sixth course for social service training, in Tel Aviv. Men and Women between the ages of 28—40 who have completed secondary school and have had social service experience, or experience in an allied field are requested to apply immediately to the principal of the Course, 36 Rehov Balfour.

Kfar Saba District Welfare Office

A branch of the Ministry of Welfare has been opened at the Government Offices in Kfar Saba. All welfare offices in the Southern area to the outskirts of Hadera in the North will come under the supervision of this branch. Mrs. Ruth Rosenthal, District Inspector, will head this office.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Ruhama, 29 David Yellin, 2783; Reznick, Rehov Aza, Rehavia, 3862.

TEL AVIV: Magen David, 35 Allenby, 6436; Singer, 63 Herzl, 4780; Ahva, 165 Dizengoff, 4717; Hertzel Zion, 38 Dizengoff, 6582. JAFFA: Trufa, 105 4th St. RAMAT YITZHAK: Akivason, Rehov Jerusalem. NAHLAT YITZHAK: Dr. Fisherman, opp. Bdolah Factory.

HAIFA: Armon, 6 Prophets, 4176; New British, 47 Jaffa, 4725.

WANTED CAPITALIST
as partner for wholesale coat import and export business. Principals only.
Write: No. 24049, P.O.B. 1125, TEL AVIV.

BANK
requires experienced SHORTHAND-TYPIST.
Knowledge of English, Hebrew, German desirable.
Please write to: "BANK," P.O.B. 1125, TEL AVIV.

WANTED TO RENT
Furnished 1½ or 2 ROOMED FLAT
(for single person) with all conveniences and refrigerator, MT. CARMEL, preferably centre,
for 3—6 months.
Guarantee to vacate.
Apply: B. HALPERN, "Windsor" Hotel, HAIFA. 5.30—6.30 p.m. No agents.

WANTED
English-German Shorthand Typist
for afternoon work.
Please phone 4343, TEL AVIV.

WANTED
by large undertaking in Jerusalem
STENO-TYPIST
English essential.
Hebrew desirable.
Apply to No. 227951, P.O.Box 81, Jerusalem.

WANTED
experienced
1. Chief Booking Clerk Hebrew and English essential.
2. First Class Hebrew-English Stenotypist.
Apply in person to:
Abrahamoff Bros.
3 Rehov Ahuzat Bayit, TEL AVIV.

SHIPS IN HAIFA PORT ON SUNDAY

Hadar, Is., Rio Quarto, Arg., Flour. Tel Aviv, Is., Bulgaria, Bul., Cement. Vassland, Sw., Fish, Gen. Cargo. Hashlosha, Is., Gen. Cargo. Angelina, It., Iron. Evermont, U.S., Gen. Cargo. Nabeland, Sw., Gen. Cargo. Sabac, Yug., Wood. Gen. Cargo. Drumii, Is. Irene S. Embiricos, Gr., Gen. Cargo. Kaptan Yakup, Tur., Gen. Cargo. Asturia, Dan., Dura. Carlo Zeno, It., Wood. Salina, Rum., Wood. Gavriel, Is., Compl. Unloading.

SHIPS EXPECTED

22.7 Sebastiana, Dura. Carisula Vista, Wood. Ayden, Wood. Georgis D. Gratsos, Wheat.

23.7 Transilvania, Immigrants, Immigrants' Effects, Gen. Cargo. Salvere, Wood.

24.7 Valeria, Barley, Fodder.

25.7 Pendragon, Gen. Cargo. Beaudrea, Gen. Cargo.

26.7 Spjorberg, Wood.

27.7 Louis Sinon, Wood, Pipes. Panama, Copra.

PERFECT
PASTRY COOK
WANTED
at end of July
Salary and full board
SHARON HOTEL
HERZLIA
Egged Bus connection.

Children love wholesome and pure KLIM MILK
KLIM
POWDERED WHOLE MILK

Reg. Copr. Reserved Copr. 1949 Borden Co.
Sole Distributors for Israel:
MATALON BROS. 48 Jaffa Road, Tel Aviv.
No. 1

Today's POST BAG

THE WEATHER

	*A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	56	15	28	30
Haifa	56	21	32	[illegible]
Nathanya	57	22	30	30
Tel Aviv	70	20	28	[illegible]
Lydda	52	20	32	[illegible]
Jerusalem	20	19	27	28
Beersheba	30	19	33	33

*A) Humidity at 2 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maxim. yesterday. D) Maxim. temp. expected today.

• • •

21,000 persons have so far registered for the Popular Housing scheme at 60 registration centres in the Jerusalem, Tel Aviv and Haifa areas. 35 registration stations have now been opened in various parts of the country.

• • •

About 250 election appeals were filed in the Jerusalem District Court yesterday. More than half were allowed.

• • •

Damage estimated at IL.700 was caused when fire gutted the handkerchief factory of Mr. B. Graziani, in Ramle, on Saturday afternoon. The fire is believed to have been caused by a short-circuit.

Damage estimated at several thousand pounds was caused when fire gutted a large hall in Kfar Warburg on Friday night. The hall was used as a cultural centre and cinema.

• • •

Yosef [illegible], 20, of Jaffa, who left Israel illegally for Jordan several months ago and returned with hashish and clothing, was sentenced to two years' imprisonment by the District Court in Tel Aviv yesterday for possession of smuggled property.

• • •

About 800 immigrants from Rumania are due to arrive in Haifa in the s.s. Transylvania today.

• • •

A Drom Yehuda and an Egged bus collided yesterday morning at the entrance to Tel Aviv on the Jerusalem road, causing the injury of a Drom Yehuda passenger, Henry Roth, 27, of Ramat Gan, who was taken to hospital with a badly lacerated arm. The buses piled into a telephone pole.

• • •

New parking places are to be allotted to the 200 "homeless" taxis which now ply Tel Aviv streets. Applications by drivers should be made to the Municipal Traffic Commission, 13 Rehov Hess, between 10 a.m. and noon daily until July 27.

• • •

Baruch Schwartzman, 19, of Tel Raim, was injured in the chest when the revolver he was handling discharged accidentally. He was taken to the Hadassah Hospital in Beersheba.

• • •

82,000 pounds of rubber soles and heels have arrived in Haifa Port. Pipes, iron rods, cement and electrodes are also awaiting unloading.

• • •

For allegedly attempting to bribe a police officer to allow him to leave the country while a criminal case was pending against him, Shamai Tannenbaum, 50, of Tel Aviv, was remanded by the Magistrate's Court in Tel Aviv yesterday, and released on IL.500 bail.

• • •

For breaking into a flat in Tiv'on on June 23 and stealing IL.115 in cash and jewellery, Yehuda Weinberg, 22, and Tibor Rihner, 21, were sentenced to one year's imprisonment each by the Haifa District Court yesterday.

Israel to Display Goods at Izmir

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — Israel will send 1,500 samples of its products to the International Industrial Exhibit to be held in Izmir, Turkey next month, it was announced here today.

The samples were put on exhibit at the Manufacturers' Association tonight. They include radios, building materials, textiles, technical equipment, and kitchen utensils.

ELEVEN VETERANS GET KAISER-FRAZERS

HAIFA, Sunday (ITIM). — The first Israel produced Kaiser-Frazer cars to be delivered to the local market were sold last week to 11 disabled war veterans under special Ministry of Finance licence, it was learned here today.

Advocate Sues For Car Permit

Dr. L. Adlerstein, advocate, was granted an order nisi in the Court yesterday to investigate the refusal of the Ministry of Communications to issue him an import licence for a car.

Represented by Advocate R. Nochimovsky, the applicant pleaded that an illness made a car indispensable for him. He also claimed that the Ministry had retracted a promise to permit the import.

The Court was composed of Justices Dunkelblum, Agranat, and Silberg.

Ration News

JERUSALEM DISTRICT—Grapes: 250 grams, zones 9, 10, 11, Zadi 11. Apples: 250 grams, Zones 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, A and B cards, Shin 3. Plums: 250 grams, zone 4, Shin-Gimel 25. Onions: 200 grams, zone 6, 271.

TEL AVIV DISTRICT — Sweets: 250 grams, no coupons, at groceries.

Personal Notice

The Staff of the
MOLLER-DEE TEXTILE CORPORATION
NAHARIYA
express their sympathy to
MR. ERICH MOLLER
ON THE DEATH OF HIS ESTEEMED FATHER.

Striking Sailors Accept Mediation

HAIFA, Sunday. — The striking Shoham seamen have accepted an offer by the Ships Masters Organization to mediate in their dispute with the Histadrut Seamen's Union, it is learned here.

Meanwhile, with the departure of the s.s. Negbah for Cyprus yesterday the number of Shoham ships standing idle has been reduced to five.

The s.s. Tel Aviv and s.s. Hadar were removed to the main breakwater here today to make room for other ships at the main wharf, and according to a report from Tel Aviv Port, dockers there have stopped work on the Acco and the Kommemiut, in sympathy with the striking sailors.

The seamen are demanding that their representative be recognized, that the s.s. Negbah be recalled, that the dismissed crew be reinstated, and that the drafting of the strike leaders into the Army be suspended pending arbitration by a Histadrut tribunal.

Company Union

The dispute over the foreign currency allocation in the sailors' wages, which touched off the dispute in Marseilles, was not a major issue and could easily be settled, a representative of the strikers said today. The sailors' main grievance was that the Histadrut Union was really a company union, he said.

In Tel Aviv yesterday, Mr. M. Namir, Secretary-General of the Histadrut, told a delegation of Tel Aviv port workers that their problems would be solved in an orderly and disciplined manner. He strongly condemned any attempts to work "against, outside and behind the back of the Histadrut."

The delegation complained against the Histadrut's recent decision in connection with work conditions in the port. Mr. Namir stated that the matter had been passed to the Tel Aviv-Jaffa Labour Council to which he would pass on the delegation's views.

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — The Histadrut Executive today called on the striking seamen in Haifa to return to work immediately. The strike, it was stated, was endangering sea communications.

Nathanya Budget Set At IL.4,225,000

NATHANYA, Sunday.— Mayor O. Ben Ami tonight presented to the Municipal Council an ordinary budget and a special development budget for 1951-1952 which total IL.4,225,000. The ordinary budget amounts to IL.982,000 and the development budget IL.3,240,000. Debate on the proposals will begin next week.

The largest item on the ordinary budget is IL.265,000 for education. The development budget will cover public works, including the construction of school buildings and roads, the implementation of the first part of the sewage scheme, seashore development and housing projects.

A special item of IL.100,000 is to cover the Municipality's share in the cost of a bridge to carry the new Haifa-Tel Aviv railway line over the main road. Another IL.30,000 is to be devoted to the construction of the Wingate Institute at Wadi Falik, south of here.

Jerusalem Council Meeting Called Off

The Jerusalem Council meeting did not take place last night owing to the lack of a quorum. The Mapai members, who had been present at 8.30 p.m. left after the opening was delayed.

The delay was caused by a delegation of residents of the Rassco housing project near Katamon, who at 8.30 called on the Deputy-Mayor, Mr. E. Eliachar, to demand the paving of a three-kilometre road connecting their houses with Gaza Road. They insisted that the item, number 54 on the agenda, be given a higher priority.

Mr. Eliachar apparently did not inform the Council members of the delay, and the Opposition members left the room at 8.50. The Council will be reconvened this morning.

Scandinavia Doubles Israel Donations

The Scandinavian Israel Campaign has doubled its income of last year in the current campaign, reaching a total of one million Swedish kroner. Of this sum, Sweden contributed 550,000 kroner, Norway 150,000 and Denmark 300,000.

ELECTION STUNT

TEL AVIV, Sunday.—A large crowd stood in Mograbi square here tonight to watch the General Zionists' latest electioneering stunt.

Perched on a roof at 1 Rehov Ben Yehuda a party artist drew cartoons which were projected, by an apparatus brought especially for that purpose from the U.S., on to a screen facing the roadway. The screen shows the hand of the artist at work, and his cartoon.

Nation Observes Herzl Day

Highlighting a nation-wide observance of Herzl Day, the capital will mark the occasion with solemn memorial exercises at Mt. Herzl beginning at 8 o'clock tonight.

Joining in the exercises, which will commemorate the 47th anniversary of the Herzl's death, will be Cabinet ministers, the Speaker and members of the Knesset, members of the Jewish Agency Executive, the Chief Rabbis and Government and civic leaders.

The programme will be opened with a *shofar* blast and the raising of the Herzl Flag. The kindling of a memorial light, readings from Herzl's writings, the traditional memorial service and the singing of the national anthem will follow.

Torch-bearing youth groups and a military honour guard will join in the ceremonies, which will be broadcast by Kol Israel, Kol Zion Lagola and the Armed Forces Broadcasting Service.

Festive gatherings in cities, villages and settlements through the country will mark the day. About 30,000 children in summer camps will arrange special programmes.

In Jerusalem the Herzl Room at the Main Office of the Jewish National Fund, will be open to the public from 8.30 a.m. to 1 p.m. and from 2 to 7 p.m.

In Tel Aviv, Herzl-Bialik Day will be celebrated at a public meeting under the auspices of the Municipality at Bet Ha'am at 8.30 tonight.

Joseph Klarwein Wins Herzl Monument Contest

The Jerusalem architect, Joseph Klarwein, has been awarded the first prize of IL.1,200 in the Herzl Memorial Monument competition, it was announced yesterday by the Jewish Agency, sponsors of the competition. Second prize winner is Mr. Y. Danziger, of Tel Aviv, who was awarded IL.900.

Mr. Klarwein's design was chosen from among plans submitted by 63 designers from Israel, the U.S., England, Australia, Italy, South Africa, Argentina, Belgium, Holland, France and Switzerland.

Contestants had been asked to submit plans for Herzl's grave, the common grave of Herzl's family and Wolfsohn's grave, a park for Mt. Herzl and a traffic plan for an approach to the area.

Other prize winners were from the U.S., Paris, Zurich as well as from Israel.

The committee of judges was headed by Mr. Berl Locker.

An exhibition of plans in the recently-concluded competition, will be opened tomorrow at 5 p.m. in the auditorium of the new wing of the Hebrew High School in Jerusalem, Rehov Keren Kayemet. The exhibition, at which the plans of the 63 contestants will be shown, will be open daily for one week, from 9 a.m. to 12 noon and from 3 p.m. to 6 p.m.

Medical Profession Honours Prof. Zondek

A special number of "Harefuah," the Israel medical journal, has been dedicated to Prof. Bernhard Zondek, Prof. of Obstetrics and Gynaecology at the Hebrew University, on the occasion of his 60th birthday, next Sunday.

Prof. Zondek was born in Wronke, Germany and received his medical degree at Berlin University in 1919. In 1928 he achieved world-wide fame for his work on sex hormones, which was followed by the development of the Zondek Aschheim pregnancy test.

When the Nazis came to power, Dr. Zondek was invited by several universities to continue his teaching and research under their auspices, but he preferred to accept the invitation of the late Dr. J.L. Magnes, then Chancellor of the Hebrew University, and Dr. Haim Yassky, Director of the Hadassah Medical Organization, to join the University and Hadassah staffs.

An honorary member of medical organizations in numerous countries, Dr. Zondek was presented with an honorary doctorate by the University of Turin at an international medical conference in May.

He currently heads the Hormone Research Laboratory of the University-Hadassah Medical School, and is Head of the Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology at the Hadassah-University Hospital, as well as the University Chair.

Method for Collecting Claims Against Gov't

The procedure for collecting claims against the Government for damages to persons or property caused by Government employees while they are on duty has been announced.

The claim and five copies of all supporting documents must be forwarded to the office where the employee works. Any additional representations in connection with the original claim must be made only to this office.

Following action on the claims by the office it will be forwarded to the Inter-ministerial Committee on Damage Claims, which was established as an Investigation Committee in March. This committee may hear complaints, collect evidence and any other available information. A positive decision of the committee will be in the nature of a recommendation only.

New Ice Supply System in Effect

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — The new order forbidding the distribution of ice from factories caught many citizens by surprise this morning when they came to queue in the early hours following a particularly hot weekend. In most instances residents dispersed after being told that they could get the ice from wagons and stores only.

In Jaffa, however, Yosef Mizrahi, 30, suffered a broken leg this morning when a fight broke out in the queue before a plant. In addition, two persons were arrested over the weekend for causing disturbances in queues.

Pickpockets took advantage of the situation at the queue in the Merkaz Mischari quarter here where they stole IL.74 from three persons. Four other cases of pickpocketing were reported over the weekend.

No Overcharging

Police have been particularly busy maintaining order. They report no cases of overcharging. Ice manufacturers say that the new regulation has given them a chance to "breathe," but does not affect production which depends on availability of machinery and materials.

The new arrangement left 720 restaurants and cafes in Tel Aviv without ice for two days, and negotiations are now under way for rational distribution. The restaurants are demanding two blocks of ice each while the Government has so far allotted them one block each. Until now the restaurants had received an average of three blocks each daily.

Many kiosk owners were left without ice this morning, but most were supplied in the afternoon, as the new distribution system took effect. All ice from factories is now being delivered to wagons and to trucks which distribute it to stores and warehouses.

In Holon and Ramle special ration cards for ice are now being distributed. The Holon cards will be put into use as from Tuesday, while the 4,000 cards in Ramle will be used later this week.

The supply of water to the Talpiot Camp has been maintained as usual, the Jerusalem Municipality has stated in an official announcement denying reports that the supply had been cut for several days last week.

The only interruption occurred on Thursday morning, when a breakdown in electric power affected the water supply throughout the city, the statement added.

Fugitive, Who Ate Key, Sought

JAFFA, Sunday. — Police here were today searching for an escaped prisoner who had swallowed a key.

Shmuel Perez, 25, of Jaffa, a burglary suspect escaped yesterday from a police guard who had brought him to the General Hospital here for treatment. A short while before, the prisoner had swallowed a key when he was brought into the lock-up at the northern police station in Tel Aviv.

Arrest Order For Three Infiltrators

A warrant of arrest was issued yesterday by Jerusalem Magistrate E. Mack for three infiltrators.

One of them is suspected of having murdered Yoel Ben Yehuda, 18, in August of last year, as well as of having participated in the abduction of David Keren, 22. The two youths were from Kibbutz Mevuot Betar.

MA'BARA MARCHERS STOPS EMEK TRAFFIC

Members of the ma'bara at Keren Yesha (Abu Shusha), near Mishmar Ha'emek, staged a demonstration yesterday morning which cut off all traffic along the Haifa-Lajjun highway.

Protesting against unemployment and shortages of essentials, the demonstrators strung themselves across the road, refusing passage even to buses. Passengers from Haifa to Mishmar Ha'emek left the number 81 bus and make their way on foot to the kibbutz.

STIPENDS FOR HAIFA TECH. STUDENTS

HAIFA, Sunday. — Two donations have been received by the Hebrew Institute of Technology for the aid of students.

The Detroit Chapter of the American Technion Society, under the chairmanship of Mr. Benjamin Wilk, have honoured their active member, Mr. Karl Segall, by donating $2,020 to found a Karl Segall Scholarship.

U.S. Warns Greece Against Anarchy

ATHENS, Sunday (Reuter).— The U.S. Ambassador here, Mr. E. Peurifoy, yesterday told Prime Minister Sophocles Venizelos that Greece's disruptive strike of civil servants may cause the U.S. to cancel large aid projects.

In a letter to Premier Venizelos made public here today, the Ambassador said the government should bear in mind that the U.S. Congress will soon be discussing approval of Marshall plan credits for Greece and naturally would hesitate to grant dollars to a country where the situation was "almost comparable to anarchy and chaos."

About 65,000 civil servants have been on strike for 15 days demanding a 30 per cent wage increase.

A conference of the judicial authorities and armed forces general staff yesterday discussed the strike.

Mr. Venizelos later issued a statement warning the strikers that if they did not return to work Monday morning the government would apply heavy sanctions against them.

Bevan Shocked By U.S., Germany

HOYTON, Lancashire, Sunday (Reuter). The left-wing Labour leader, Mr. Aneurin Bevan, who resigned the post of Minister of Labour in April as a protest against Britain's costly rearmament programme, said yesterday he had been frightened by the precipitancy of policy, lack of nervous restraint, and foolhardiness that America had demonstrated more than once in the past few years.

"I say to America and the people of the world that we are not yet feeling safe enough to allow another German rearmament to take place. We must be given more time and provided with more evidence that democratic institutions have struck roots deep enough in German life before we can trust her with a large military organization, indeed if it becomes necessary at all," he said at a political meeting.

He described America's policy towards China as "something we cannot understand," and added: "We are not prepared to sacrifice a British life to keep Chiang Kai Shek in China. We are not prepared to sacrifice any life or treasure in trying to impose our will on any other nation in the world.

"Therefore we think it extremely undesirable to support regimes which are unpopular to their own peoples."

He thought he was speaking for the whole labour movement when he said they could not enter into an alliance that might consolidate General Franco in Spain, Mr. Bevan said.

MOTHER REVIVED AFTER DEATH

BOSTON, Sunday (UP). — A Californian mother has been brought back to life after her heart stopped beating during a daring operation last May, it was revealed here.

Mrs. Hewen Keith, 37, now living a normal life with her husband and two children was revived not only after her heart had stopped beating but after four minutes of ventricular quivering, normally associated with death. To revive Mrs. Keith, the surgeon massaged her heart with his hand while blood was being pumped at high pressure directly into the heart system.

One-half hour after regular heart action had been restored, Mrs. Keith was able to talk, answer questions and move her limbs.

A decision on whether the four zealot suspects — Yehuda Ridder, Noah Wermser, Mordecai Eliahu and Eliahu Rafal — are to be committed for trial in the District Court, is due to be given by Jerusalem Magistrate Y. Cohen today. The four are charged with 27 offences, including treason.

Unified European Army Urged

PARIS, Sunday (Reuter). — The European Army Conference's interim report, completed this weekend, advises nations joining a unified defence force to abandon their national prerogative and agree to pool their armed forces, usually reliable conference circles disclosed.

The experts suggest calling a Foreign or Defence Ministers' meeting to conclude a political agreement among such countries to bind them to that purpose.

Copies of the report have been forwarded to the Governments which took part in the five month's negotiations — France, Italy, Belgium, Luxembourg and West Germany — and the observer nations of the Atlantic Pact, including Britain and America, will receive their reports officially next Tuesday.

Problems raised by the proposal to create a super-national European army include the unification of national army regulations and discipline, the size of the national units within the European army, the number of official languages to be recognized, and so on.

It was felt in usually well informed quarters that the future of the European army plan would depend largely on the Anglo-French-American discussions proposed by the U.S., in which the ideas for German participation in Western defence are to be confronted.

The Ministers' conference might take place after the September meeting of the Atlantic Council.

Conference sources said that from the report it emerges that France and Germany are agreed that German participation must be organized through the establishment of a European Army and not by a national German army directly joining the Atlantic Pact.

Painting for Knesset

An oil painting depicting the head of "A Son of the Ancient People," by Joseph Israels, has been presented to the Knesset by Mr. E. H. Aphamaffoglou, of London. The work has been placed in the Bezalel Museum, where it will remain till the construction of the permanent Knesset building.

U.S. Leaders Urge M.E. Aid

WASHINGTON, Sunday (Reuter).—Admiral Forrest Sherman, U.S. Chief of Naval Operations, just before he died today urged that military aid to the Middle East and Eastern Mediterranean areas should be continued and expanded.

In the statement, made to the House of Representatives Foreign Affairs Committee a few hours before Admiral Sherman died, and presented by his deputy Vice-Admiral Duncan, he said: "We will take all reasonable steps toward the creation and maintenance of political and economic stability in that general area."

Admiral Sherman said the region now had an uneasy peace and that an influx of destitute refugees from Palestine had produced a political and economic situation "fraught with danger."

He urged that military equipment and technical advice and training be continued to help the nations of the Middle East become stronger. "I regard the strategic importance of the Eastern Mediterranean and Middle East as almost equal to that of the North Atlantic Treaty area itself, as related to efforts to resist world-wide Communist encroachment," he said.

McGhee on Arms

Mr. George McGhee, Assistant Secretary of State for Near Eastern Affairs, yesterday told the Committee that President Truman may find it necessary to spend approximately $40m. on military aid for the Arab states and Israel "in the very near future." He said: "Events in the Middle East are moving rapidly. The U.S. cannot afford to allow the forces of anti-Western sentiment to gain any further ground nor to allow these forces to be captured and exploited by international Communism."

A strike of employees of the Vehicle Licensing Department, threatened for Sunday, was averted yesterday after a temporary agreement was reached between the parties.

Tour with
YATOUR
HEAD OFFICE, [illegible] ST.
TEL AVIV, TEL. [illegible]
JERUSALEM, TEL. [illegible]
HAIFA, TEL. [illegible]
[illegible]

Cables in Brief

[illegible]. — The Syrian Premier, Khaled el Azem, has refused to allow a delegation of Syrian youth to attend the Youth Peace Conference in Eastern Germany next month.

CANALS. — Moscow, almost 400 miles from a seaport, will be linked to five seas by a vast waterworks network between 1950 and 1957, the Soviet TASS Agency reports.

[illegible]. — An unexploded 500 kgm. bomb, believed to have fallen in 1944, was unearthed on a building site next to the Church of Sacre Coeur in Montmartre by a mechanical excavator yesterday.

R.A.F. STUDENTS TO CROSS NORTH POLE

MUMBY, LINCOLNSHIRE, Sunday (Reuter).—Ten British flyers took off from here this morning to fly over the North Pole.

They are students at the R.A.F. Flying College here where future staff officers are trained. The flight, in a specially modified four-engined Lincoln bomber, is part of their year's course at the College.

On Tuesday morning they will fly from a base in Iceland over the Pole to a U.S. airbase in Alaska.

HIGHEST PRICES
offered for all kinds of
USED CLOTHING
(also American)
APTEKER,
8 Rehov Hehalutz, Haifa

[illegible]
ADVERTISING
SIGNBOARDS
TRADEMARKS
LABELS, CLICHES
2668
35 HAATZMAUTH RD HAIFA

You are cordially invited to the home of
Mayor & Mrs. S.Z. Shragai
at Rosh Rehavia, Entrance 1
TONIGHT, AT 8.00 P.M.
TO MEET
Mr. HERSHEL SINGER
Director of the "Mossad Aliyat Noar"
of Kvutzat Lavee
Hapoel Hamizrachi — Torah V'avodah

SEPHARDI AND ORIENTAL COMMUNITIES
OLD RESIDENTS and NEW IMMIGRANTS
You have paid dearly for the State.
You deserve a voice in running it.
No one will give it to you until YOU
YOURSELF do something about it.
Do not be indifferent. WORK, VOTE
and MAKE OTHERS VOTE
ס״צ ס״צ ס״צ

FOR SALE
TUBE SEALING
MACHINES
Write: HAKOL LANOAR,
RAMAT GAN.

NOTICE
A PLOT OF LAND BELONGING TO THE ESTATE OF THE LATE JEAN SIMON DOPIERALO IS AVAILABLE FOR IMMEDIATE PURCHASE.
Offers in writing containing name and address of the offerer and the maximum price offered should be submitted not later than Friday, July 27, 1951, at noon, to the office of Mr. H. Krongold, Advocate, Rehov Jaffa, Mizpah Building, Jerusalem.
No brokers or intermediaries.
DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY:-
A plot of Mulk land with a hut thereon in the Rehov Rabbi Kook (Kiryat Shmuel), Jerusalem; block 30026, parcel 72, area 1264,18 square metres, registered in the Land Registry of Jerusalem, Vol. 22, folio 66.

THE ISRAEL CORK MILLS LTD.
NATHANYA P.O.B. 146
GENERAL AGENT
YEHUDA HASSAN
HAIFA:
31 KINGSWAY P.O.B. 1254, TEL. 3510
TEL AVIV
C/O METCO
42 YEHUDA HALEVY ST. P.O.B. 510, TEL. 5280
MANUFACTURERS OF CORK PRODUCTS

PROGRESSIVE PARTY
CENTRAL EUROPEAN CIRCLE
HAIFA BRANCH
PUBLIC LECTURE
Wednesday, July 25, 1951, 8.30 p.m.
at the Roof Garden, TALPIOT HOTEL,
61 Rehov Herzl, Hadar Hacarmel, Haifa.
Speakers: Mrs. Jettka Levy-Stein, Tel Aviv
Dr. S. Kanovitz, Tel Aviv
Frans Levi, Haifa.
on "FREE TO COME
FREE TO GO
FREE TO LIVE"
In German Entrance free.
OPEN AIR

THE ROADS OF ISRAEL
resound with the blare of loudspeakers, advertising-pillars and house-walls shout out election slogans and the parties' battle-cries. Our young Democracy gets ready for the elections to the second Knesset.
In the fray of this battle of passions there ought to be raised the Voice of Reason. Mapai, with characteristic arrogance, enters all great achievements of the State in its own books, from the conduct of the war to the establishment of all settlements. The General Zionists promise without the least scruples that after July 31 they will again turn the country into the land of milk and honey.
Between the braggarts on the left and the quacks on the right there is the stand of the Progressives as the true Centre Party. They do not boast of having alone built up the country. They do not boast of having found the universal cure for all ills and pains. Propaganda of this kind lacks any sense of responsibility and underrates the intelligence of the people.
The Progressives know that the road to doubling the population and Ingathering of the Exiles is strewn with stones and thorns. Even in critical times they have the courage to tell the truth to the nation.
We appeal to all those who, also during an election campaign, keep a cool head and do not lose their power of judgement. We are certain that our nation, with its sound instinct, will not place its trust in the quacks on the right and the monopoly-hunters on the left, but simply in those that raise THE VOICE OF REASON
THE VOICE OF THE PROGRESSIVES
Each day in this place we will raise
THE VOICE OF THE PROGRESSIVE PARTY
פ

THE JERUSALEM
POST

Founded as The Palestine Post in 1932. Published daily, except Saturday, in Jerusalem by The Palestine Post Ltd. Registered at the G.P.O.
Founder and Editor
Gershon Agron.
Managing Editor: Ted R. Lurie.
Editorial Office & Management: 9 Rehov Hahavazeleth, Jerusalem, P.O.B. 81, Tel. 4233 (4 lines).
Tel Aviv Bureau: 52 Nahlat Benyamin, P.O.B. 1125, Tel. 4251 (2 lines). Haifa: 1 Khayat St. P.O.B. 66, Tel. 4984 (3 lines).
Subscription IL.11.500 p.a. Advertising rates on request.
The right is reserved to make changes in the wording of advertisements or to postpone insertions when space is not available.

Monday, July 23, 1951
Tammuz 19, 5711. Shawwal 18, 1370

BACKWARD AREAS

BELATEDLY, the Western Powers have come to regard the development of so-called backward areas as an essential and urgent factor in the establishment of world peace and stability. There are some observers who regard it as a pre-condition to world peace and stability; and a more effective obstacle to the spread of Communist and Fascist ideologies than armaments. The place of the new policy in the calculations of the great Powers was put dramatically in the now famous Point Four of President Truman, which held out, for the impoverished and undeveloped lands of the earth, the prospect of a new and abundant era of great projects, absorbing manpower and raising standards of living, bigger harvests, and the social stability induced by plenty.

The initial hopes may have suffered some disappointment among peoples whose impatience is the outcome of hunger and social insecurity. In the Middle East, which has vast tracts of undeveloped lands and large populations of socially-undeveloped peoples, the process of applying Point Four or its equivalent may seem to be slow and even meagre. The effects of the Korean War and of huge rearmament programmes may have caused action to lag and appropriations to be scaled down; and there can be no doubt that this world policy, which is to ensure peace and stability, itself needs peace and stability if the necessary sums of money, the necessary machinery, the necessary technical skill, and the necessary conditions for steady development work, are to become available.

In these circumstances, it is a matter for some satisfaction that the British Commonwealth should have decided to go ahead with the Colombo plan for the development of South and South-east Asia, with more than a quarter of the population of the earth. The plan was inaugurated on June 30 and is said to be moving already from the blue-print stage to actual performance. It is destined to take six years to accomplish, and the programmes for India, Pakistan, Ceylon and the British Colonies, will cost a total of 1,868 million pounds sterling, or roughly 5,230 million dollars. It is obvious that the whole of this sum cannot be found by the British sponsors of the scheme, and that, to begin with, some part of the U.S. foreign aid appropriations, which include 375 million dollars, will go to the financing of the plan. To that end, no doubt, America has joined the Consultative Committee of Commonwealth Ministers who adopted the plan nine months ago and have established machinery of supervision and guidance.

Like President Truman's Point Four, the Colombo Plan is evidence of a constructive spirit side by side with the burdensome rearmament programmes which the Western nations have felt compelled to launch as part of their determination to ensure world peace and stability. If, as may be profoundly hoped, the present negotiations in Korea should lead to an easing of world tensions, and perhaps even to some limited form of East-West agreement, it would become reasonable to shift the emphasis from the present gigantic but negative security commitments to such constructive world plans as these. Israel's own experience of the effects of truce and armistice in the region of which she is part, hardly encourages such optimism; and the fact would seem to be that the great Powers, if happily moved by a successful outcome in Korea, have yet an urgent task of pacification to perform in the Middle East as well as the Far East as a preliminary to any switch-over to substantial development work on the vast scale so generously proposed.

U.S. Needs More Mediterranean Bases

By Jon Kimche

LONDON. — THE Chief of Staff of the U.S. Air Force, General Hoyt S. Vandenberg, declared here recently that he would prefer not to say to what extent the new U.S. air base on Crete had filled the defence gap in the Eastern Mediterranean. He did emphasize, however, that under present conditions, the more bases available, the better.

Answering other questions, General Vandenberg drew an extremely frank picture of the air situation in the east-west alignment today.

He was, he said, considerably impressed by the state of the Soviet Air Force today. Quality mattered and it was folly merely to add up the numbers of planes on both sides and compare them. The Soviet Air Force today had a tactical superiority over the West and could strike some telling long range blows; this relation of forces may be altered in favour of the West in three or four months.

Jet Superiority

The Soviet MIG jet fighter was more powerful than the American Sabre; but he thought that new types of jet which are not yet in operation would be superior to the Russian plane. Some time ago, General Vandenberg thought that the Russians, with the help of German experts, though able to produce some very good prototypes, lacked the technical manpower necessary for mass production. He now thought that the Russians had sufficient technical personnel to turn out a considerable number of these new planes.

As an example of the high proportion of new Soviet planes available, he said that the concentration of Communist aircraft on the Chinese-Korean border numbered about 1,000; of these, 400-500 were very good jets.

Lessons of Korea

This led General Vandenberg to speak of the lessons learned in the Korean war. Technically they had learned little new; but had confirmed their previous opinions. The conventional engine-powered aircraft could not live in the same sky as jets.

The jet had four essential advantages: It was only half as vulnerable to ground fire as conventional engined aircraft. It could be kept in commission almost twice as long as the ordinary machine; the actual ratio in Korea had been 1.8:1 as between the time served by a jet as against an ordinary aircraft. The jet was much more steady when bombing or firing and its accuracy was accordingly greater. And, fourthly, its visibility was much better.

These four conditions gave pilots greater confidence in their machines and particularly enabled them to press their attacks more closely when assaulting ground positions.

In fact, almost all their losses in aircraft in Korea had been due to ground fire. But for the jet, they would have been much greater. The strength of the U.S. Strategic Air Force would reach its peak of 95 groups by early spring 1952.

Readers' Letters

OPEN LETTER TO THE P.M.

Sir, — During your recent trip to the United States I had the honour of hearing your speech at Brandeis University. While your address was gratefully received by the many students who heard you I feel that your presentation of Israel's needs to the youth of America was not complete.

The ideological and religious appeal of Israel is not enough for the American student. He is interested in facts! I know from my own experience that the students who are most interested in Israel aren't the IZVFA groups or the religious groups, but the International Relations clubs and the Political Science groups on the various campuses. It is in organizations of this type that one finds the aggressive, world-minded student to whom the Israel experiment is of great interest. These are the people who are the future leaders of America and it is these same people who are attracted to Israel. These are people who are looking towards the future, to a free progressive world of the future. They will take their place in this world and help to improve it.

They are not persecuted people who have been forced from their homes, but young men and women living in the best conditions in the world today. They are grateful for all that an accident of birth has given them and they want to take an active part in further improving not only their lot, but the lot of the world. Israel can offer them this chance. Here they can get an opportunity to put their ideas into action and see the results of worthwhile work.

But sir, they want to know exactly how they can fit in. What jobs they can get? What are the true conditions they will be working in? What type of training they will need to find a place in Israel? They are fed up with the religious and historical appeals. These are but secondary reasons for coming to Israel. They are fed up with broad generalities. Give them the facts in black and white and they will be glad to give you their knowledge and labour.

Yours, etc.,

JOSEPH A. BROIDO
Harvard University

July 10.

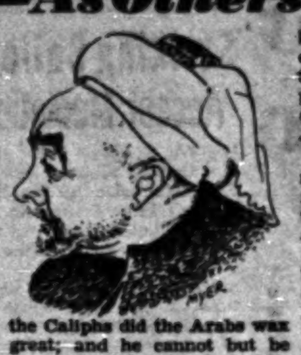
INCOME TAX. — Starting April, most wage earners got an increase due to the rise in COL. But the larger part of this increase comes off in income tax. The Government should have raised the tax free level accordingly.

Nahariya. Dr. Siegfried Neumann

SPECIALS. — It is time Tel Aviv established an authorised cab rank at the Central Bus Station (at the same time barring all unauthorized taxi stands). At present the traffic around the station is blocked by numerous taxis which very frequently, however, refuse to accept ordinary town fares and prefer to wait for interurban or very "special" fares.

Ramat Gan. Dr. A. Yavel

Abdullah—As Others Saw Him



KING Abdullah was an Emir before he was King, the son of Mecca's Sheriff before he was Emir, and just a son of an irascible father before that. In his Memoirs he tells tales kings like to tell to prove that a father who was a Sheriff of the Prophet's seed was a father who could chastise his son and a father who could forgive him.

His elevation to the position of royal potentate of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan was not unexpected: In the morning he was crowned King, under the protection of the British. By noon of the same day he was proclaimed King Abdullah the Great. But he had waited a long time for that.

The long wait was foreseeable in terms of Lawrence's description of Abdullah, as he appeared in 1916: "Abdullah, on a white mare, came to us softly, with a bevy of richly armed slaves on foot around him. He was flushed with his success at Taif, and happy... I began to suspect him of a constant cheerfulness. His eyes had a confirmed twinkle; and though only 35, he was putting on flesh. It might be due to too much laughter. Yet when we fell into serious talk, the veil of humour seemed to fall away, as he chose his words and argued shrewdly... As our conversation continued, I became more and more sure that Abdullah was too balanced, too cool, too humorous to be a prophet; especially the armed prophet who, if history be true, succeeded in revolutions. His value would come perhaps in the peace after success." So much for an introduction, by way of the famous "Revolt in the Desert."

In 1950 R.J.C. Broadhurst, in a frankly adulatory introduction to Abdullah's memoirs, did not write much differently. "As to the man himself, it is difficult, indeed impossible, to describe the charm, the beneficence, and the princeliness of a lovable character. The fine courtesy, the distinction of his manners and gestures, the rare and elevated expression, are known to all who have been privileged to meet him. Above all there is the great humanity and delicacy of feeling. Even the birds and animals that come within his gaze as he sits beneath the trees awaiting the call to evening prayers never fail to evoke an understanding smile.... At his table, the guests of honour are charmed with his discourse tesselated with wit and humour, and the humble guest at the bottom is gladdened by the intimate smile of special recognition."

Yet the gentle bird-lover and the smiling poet "of no mean resources," says Broadhurst, "is vigorous and a man with a mission. He remembers that only when united under the Caliphs did the Arabs wax great; and he cannot but be aware that, for the Orthodox, the Caliph must be one of his tribe, the Quarish. Who, he feels, could better lead the Arabs (at least of the Northern states) into a prosperous and creative unity, than he."

Kenneth Bilby, in his "New Star in the Near East," wrote last year that Abdullah was "volatile in temperament, friendly by nature, but suffused with the old Moslem concept of the romanticism of war," and tells that at a number of junctures in the Palestine war he had to be forcefully prevented from "girding his sword and rushing to the lines."

Rhetorical Arabic

Abdullah was a strange mixture of traditional Arab custom and western rationalism and politics. Although he spoke English, he chose to address correspondents in "flowing rhetorical Arabic." The blurb of his memoirs says he spoke no Western tongue. While his ministers appeared in Western dress and fez, Constantinople-educated Abdullah wore flowing white robes and the golden fillet of Arabic royalty. Yet, at the last interview before his death, he recommended that his countrymen adopt progressive Western methods, disapproving, however, of Moslem youth who abandoned the traditional beard. He was an inveterate chess player. In his advocacy of a grand alliance with the West, he went somewhat further than some of his contemporaries. Glubb Pasha calls him Britain's most faithful friend in the Middle East.

He stood apart from his royal Arab contemporaries, especially in his attitude toward Israel and the Jews. Although his Arab Legion fought on Palestine soil, it was he who met with Mrs. Golda Myerson on the threshold of hostilities. Mrs. Myerson's peace mission was a failure, because, as Bilby said, Abdullah felt and said "the time for reconciliation was past..he was bound with ties of blood and loyalty to his Arab brothers."

Later, in the midst of Israel's war of liberation, when it became clear that peace with the Jews might mean the annexation of the relatively affluent areas of Arab Palestine to his desert kingdom of 500,000, he risked his position in the Arab League by extending peace offers through Bilby. "My advice to the Jews is to be more reasonable. My advice to the Arabs is to accept the logical," he said, adding several derogatory remarks about the League.

In the end, Arab Palestine was annexed to Jordan, and to the end it is believed that the cultured little king with Caliphate ambitions entertained friendly, if selfish good-feelings to Israel, restrained by the simmering resentment of the Palestine Arabs in his Parliament, and the Damoclean dangers of Arab League retribution.

B.H.

KEEPING POSTED

FOR several weeks now many of us have been puzzled by the erection of a number of circular cement constructions at various distances along the pavements in a number of cities. The children of our atomic age thought them pillboxes, but there was no entrance or loopholes in evidence. They were too high to be rubbish bins too. This week the appearance of some "Herut" election posters on one of them disclosed their official function, and a certain

number will be at the disposal of each political party. Definitely an advance for orderliness, despite the fact that navigation on our already cluttered pavements is daily becoming more difficult, not forgetting the shortage of building materials.

•

JERUSALEMITES of all persuasions have agreed that the two large red "kufs" and hammers-and-sickles smeared on the wall of the Yeshurun Synagogue are not only a breach of the no-paint agreement, but an offence against elementary public decency, particularly as the hastily daubed letters began to run before they dried, and give the impression of dripping with blood. The Secretariat of the Israel Communist Party, in a letter to the Synagogue, disclaims all responsibility for the offence "as we gave explicit instructions in advance not to write on synagogues." They offer to help remove the paint, but ask that somebody should come to their office for this purpose, as they are busy with the elections.

•

A CORRESPONDENT writes, with some indignation, that he is not much impressed with Mr. Rokach's declaration that he offers lifts to the aged and crippled on the streets of Tel Aviv, and suggesting that others should do likewise. He points out that if you see suitable candidates standing in a bus queue you may not halt your car within 13 yards of either side of the stop, and that if you go much further the aged and crippled probably won't think it worth walking over, even if they recognize your good intentions. Further, he says, he has seen Mr. Rokach's car on dozens of occasions, with the Mayor in it, or the Mayor and his family, or only the family, but that he has never yet seen it with a load of the aged and crippled. He has no quarrel with Mr. Rokach on this score, but does not like the general suggestion that drivers should open their cars to all comers, saying "this comes to you by the personal recommendation of Mr. Rokach, vote ZADIK!" In any case, he says, his car sports an ALEPH pasted there by the Controller of Road Transport under the traffic restrictions, and he does not want to confuse people.

•

SOME arrivals for the Zionist Congress to be held in Jerusalem in three weeks' time have been visiting the Convention Centre building and studying its maze of scaffolding and pillars with a certain amount of scepticism. They admire the grandiose plan, pace out the width of the generous approaches to the building, approve everything, but fail to believe that it can possibly be ready in time. "It can only be done by the Chagall method," a visitor said. "They will have to hang the chandeliers in the open sky."

•

WE have handled two envelopes this week that make us wonder whether Israel is as firmly established in the eyes of the world as we supposed. The first, posted

in West London, on June 14, 1951, and addressed to a family in "Nahariyah, ISRAEL," simply bears an endorsement "NO POSTAL SERVICE WITH ISRAEL" and then another note "Send again." It arrived four weeks late. The second was posted from Florence to an address in Ussishkin Street, Jerusalem, with a rather indistinct "Israel" underneath. When it finally turned up, the postmarks revealed that it had first gone to Tokyo, from there to Beirut, and on to the Old City, all in six weeks.

• • •

MEMBERS of the American administration in Japan often prefer to travel to the U.S. via Europe, and some of them would like to spend a few days in Israel as well. They then discover that they cannot get Israel visas in Japan, as we have no consulate there, the nearest representative being an Honorary Consul in Manila, five flying hours away in the Philippines. Mrs. Gladys Dickenson, Vice President of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union, said during a recent visit to Jerusalem. It had kept quite a number of intending visitors away. Mrs. Dickenson spent four months in Japan helping the American occupation authorities to organize women in the Trade Unions. Being a well-organized person herself, she got her Israel visa in the United States, before she left for Japan.

Today's contributors include: G. Falk, Nahariya, M.E.B.C. of Tel Aviv, and M.I. of Jerusalem.

ARMY TRADE SCHOOLS TRAINEES

Boys from 14-17 years of age will be accepted as trainees at Military Trade Schools, after passing medical examinations and aptitude tests.

The following courses will be started near Haifa, in August:— radio and aircraft technicians, aircraft engine technicians, aircraft fitters, armourers, aircraft electricians, and tool makers. These courses are from 8-13 months depending on the trade. Minimum educational qualifications: 10-11 years schooling (6 or 7 grades of secondary school).

In October a radio technicians course will be opened near Tel Aviv (26 months, 3 consecutive years).

Only boys from 14-15 years of age who have completed elementary school will be eligible.

For particulars candidates and their parents should apply to the Recruiting Office in Jaffa (7 Rehov Bustros) and in Haifa (32 Kingsway).

Public Relations Sections
Ministry of Defence

You are cordially invited to the home of
Mr. & Mrs. Eliabu Dobkin
at 14 Rehov Arlosoroff, Rehavia, Jerusalem,
Tonight, at 8.20.
Mr. BARUCH ZUCKERMAN,
Member of the Executive of the Jewish Agency,
will speak in English on
"Problems of Today."
Israel Labour Party — Mapai, Jerusalem

The Sign of recognised Quality
MICHSAF
25 YEARS' GUARANTEE FOR SILVER-PLATED CUTLERY

APPEAL TO REASON

WE WILL FINISH THE JOB...

VOTERS' GUIDE TO THE ELECTION (20)

It fell to David Ben Gurion on the 14th May 1948, to proclaim the independence of the State of Israel. It fell to him to lead Israel through the testing crisis of war. David Ben Gurion is today the head of a Government that has secured Israel's frontiers, financed the vast development that has taken place in town and country, achieved an honourable place in the United Nations, and brought in and given food and work to 600,000 new immigrants.

We are not yet safe. Who knows what may be in store for us as a result of the disturbances across the frontier that have followed the murder of King Abdullah? And the increase in production we have achieved must yet be repeated many times over.

We have survived the war, foreign pressures, and the doubling of the population our enemies thought would wreck us. But the storm is still raging around us. Do you want to do without the pilot who has weathered it so far? Changing horses in mid-stream is a dangerous pastime.

You can trust David Ben Gurion and the Ministers who have helped him. Can you trust those others who promise you so much and have done so little ?

THEY GIVE YOU WORDS—WE GIVE YOU DEEDS
MAKE YOUR VOTE COUNT !
VOTE MAPAI ! VOTE א

NOTICE TO AMERICAN CITIZENS

The following is quoted from the United States Nationality Act of 1940:

Section 401 —
"A person who is a national of the United States, whether by birth or naturalization, shall lose his nationality by:....
"(e) Voting in a political election in a foreign state...."

Consular Section,
American Embassy, Tel Aviv

How does YOUR PARTY stand on
RELIGIOUS FREEDOM?
When you cast your vote make sure
your representative will fight ....
.... against RELIGIOUS COMPULSION
.... against MEDIEVAL LAWS
.... for SHABBAT without CHAINS
The LEAGUE AGAINST RELIGIOUS OPPRESSION
(A non-political organization)

TEL AVIV P.O.B. 6013
JERUSALEM P.O.B. 200
HAIFA P.O.B. 2123

WORLD ZIONIST ORGANIZATION
JERUSALEM
HERZL TOMB COMPETITION
RESULTS
Sixty-three plans were submitted by architects and sculptors from 11 different countries, including 21 plans from Israel and 42 from abroad.
PRIZES AND PURCHASES:
First Prize: — IL.1,200
JOSEPH KLARWEIN, Jerusalem.
Second Prize: — IL.900
I. DANZIGER, London.
Purchases: IL.450 each
S. GRUZEN & Associates, New York; M. WEINREB, sculptor, Haifa; J. SAKHAROWITZ, Paris.
Purchases: IL.300 each
M. HAUSER, Zurich; O. NITSCHKE, New York; S. RECHTER, Tel Aviv.
Purchases: IL.225 each
S. BERNSTEIN, Tel Aviv; N. SOLOTOV, Tel Aviv; H. and H. FRANKOVSKY-FRANKFURT, Tel Aviv.

An exhibition of the plans will be opened tomorrow, Tuesday, July 24, 1951, at 5 p.m., at the Rehavia Secondary School, KKL Blvd., Jerusalem. The exhibition will be open until Tuesday, July 31, from 9 a.m.-12 noon and 3-6 p.m.
WORLD ZIONIST ORGANIZATION
Jerusalem, July 19, 1951.

OLEI EUROPA CIRCLE
OF THE GENERAL ZIONISTS
Party of the Centre
KIRYAT BIALIK BRANCH
TONIGHT, at 8.30, at
the NEW SCHOOL, KIRYAT BIALIK
PERETZ BERNSTEIN
Party President, Knesset Member
will speak in German on
"OUR PROGRAMME"
Guests welcome

OLEI EUROPA CIRCLE
OF THE GENERAL ZIONISTS
Party of the Centre
NATHANYA BRANCH
Tuesday, July 24, 1951, at 8.30 p.m.
at the RIVIERA CAFE, Pituah-Nathanya
Talk in German by
Dr. S. WOLF
on
"BEFORE THE DECISION"
Guests welcome

OLEI EUROPA CIRCLE
OF THE GENERAL ZIONISTS
Party of the Centre
HAIFA BRANCH
Tomorrow, Tuesday, July 24, 8.15 p.m.
at the Maccabi Hall, Haifa
DR. P. ARNSBERG
Member of the Party Executive
DR. S. WOLF
on
"LIBERTY or DICTATORSHIP"
In German Guests welcome

OLEI EUROPA CIRCLE
OF THE GENERAL ZIONISTS
Party of the Centre
REHOVOT BRANCH
WEDNESDAY, JULY 25, 1951, 8.30 p.m.
AT THE WEINREB CAFE, REHOVOT
Talk in German by
Dr. JUSTUS SCHLOSS
on
"OUR PROGRAMME"
(Socialism or Kibbutz Galuyot)
Guests welcome

GENERAL ZIONIST ORGANIZATION
PARTY OF THE CENTRE
JERUSALEM BRANCH
TONIGHT, July 23, 1951, 8.30 p.m. at the Vita Pension, 21 Rehov King George, Jerusalem.
MEETING OF LAWYERS and HEALTH WORKERS
DOCTORS, DENTISTS, PHARMACISTS, VETERINARIES, NURSES and ADVOCATES.
Speakers: Dr. B. HAREL (Hirshovitz)
S. USSISHKIN, advocate —
Dr. R. KATZNELSON